

Grays Harbor Ocean Energy Company, LLC

November 13, 2008

Honorable Magalie Salas
The Secretary, Federal Energy Regulatory Commission
888 First Street, N.E.
Washington, DC 20426

Subject: Preliminary Permit Application for the San Francisco Ocean Energy Project

Dear Ms. Salas:

The Grays Harbor Ocean Energy Company LLC (“the Company”) is pleased to enclose for filing an original and eight (8) copies of our Application for a Preliminary Permit for the **San Francisco** Ocean Energy Project.

This application is based on “FERC Asserts Jurisdiction over Outer Continental Shelf Hydroelectric Projects” reported in the FERC decision of October 16, 2008, in reference to Docket Nos. P-12781-001, P-12781-002, P-12779-001 and P-12779-002.

Our power project objective to generate up to 100 MW of wave power in a site that is 20 to 25 miles offshore on the Outer Continental Shelf. We concur with FERC that it has jurisdiction over our project regarding power generation.

We also understand that the Minerals Management Service has jurisdiction over leasing of the seabed and that FERC intends to resolve with MMS the appropriate regulatory processes. We applaud this. It is very helpful to have the FERC consultative and license application in place as it is well proven and reduces risk for developers.

The site proposed has been chosen with highly detailed information regarding its actual power potential and suitability for existing technology. The specific vendors for the major technologies and systems have already been selected. The site proposed therefore is not speculative. It is the best place for the only technology package we believe will work in that region.

The Project will serve several important purposes:

- Generation of utility-scale clean renewable power from offshore Wave Energy Converters (WECs).
- Enable easier testing of offshore wave technologies from all developers;
- Creation of local jobs and contribution to sustainable local economies.
- Enhancement of local fisheries productivity because the supporting platforms become artificial reefs;

The Project will be developed in close partnership with local communities and in conformance with local, state and Federal planning and regulatory authorities.

The Company has already received FERC Preliminary Permit P-13058 for the Grays Harbor Ocean Energy Project in Washington. We have been working intensely since our initial application in November 2007 to evaluate all aspects of sustainable wave power generation and have established the technical and regulatory feasibility of the Project. We have established strong partnerships with experienced organizations to evaluate the Project.

Our intention in applying for nearly identical projects in several sites is to achieve significant economies of scale in site evaluation and to help Federal agencies develop effective agreements regarding management of ocean renewable energy projects.

We are looking forward to initiating the evaluations, studies, and initial permitting processes discussed in the application.

Information about our company and our Grays Harbor Project are available at www.graysharboroceanenergy.com. If you have any questions, please contact me at (206) 491-0945 or info@graysharboroceanenergy.com

Thank you for your consideration of this application.



W. Burton Hamner
President
Grays Harbor Ocean Energy Company LLC

**BEFORE THE UNITED STATES
FEDERAL ENERGY REGULATORY COMMISSION**

APPLICATION FOR PRELIMINARY PERMIT

San Francisco Ocean Energy Project

Applicant:

Grays Harbor Ocean Energy Company, LLC.
5534 30th Ave NE, Seattle, WA 98105

Filed week of October 20, 2008

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PRELIMINARY PERMIT APPLICATION FOR THE
SAN FRANCISCO OCEAN ENERGY PROJECT

Initial Statement

1. Statement of Application

Grays Harbor Ocean Energy Company, LLC (“the Company”) applies to the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission for the proposed San Francisco Ocean Energy Project (“the Project”), as described in the attached exhibits.

This application is made in order that the applicant may secure and maintain priority of application for a license for the project under Part I of the Federal Power Act while obtaining the data and performing the acts required to determine the feasibility of the project and to support an application for a license.

The Project will serve several important purposes:

- Generation of utility-scale clean renewable power from offshore Wave Energy Converters (WECs).
- Enable easier testing of offshore wave technologies from all developers;
- Creation of local jobs and contribution to sustainable local economies.
- Enhancement of local fisheries productivity because the supporting platforms become artificial reefs;

The Project’s renewable hydropower production goal is 100 MW peak and 40 MW average. This will be produced by 100 Wave Energy Converters (WECs) of 1 MW rated output each. The power will be used by **The City of San Francisco** in general.

The Project may also generate power from wind turbines on the WECs. We understand that this will be regulated by the Minerals Management Service. To facilitate permitting, we will apply for a hydropower project which has excess transmission capacity so we can also deliver power from offshore wind.

The Project will proceed in phases in close consultation with affected stakeholders. Following the preliminary permit the Company will apply under the new FERC pilot project licensing rule for a 5 year permit allowing installation of two WEC platforms rated at 1 MW each. This complies with the Pilot Project generation limit of 5 MW.

During the Pilot Project the Company will work with stakeholders to develop the plans, engineering, environmental studies and permits for full project development. The Company will also work with the FERC, MMS, US Department of Energy, NOAA, the Coast Guard, the Navy and others on wave energy and offshore foundation technology development. During the 5-year pilot project the Company will prepare and apply for a full commercial FERC license.

Figure 2: Site Boundaries

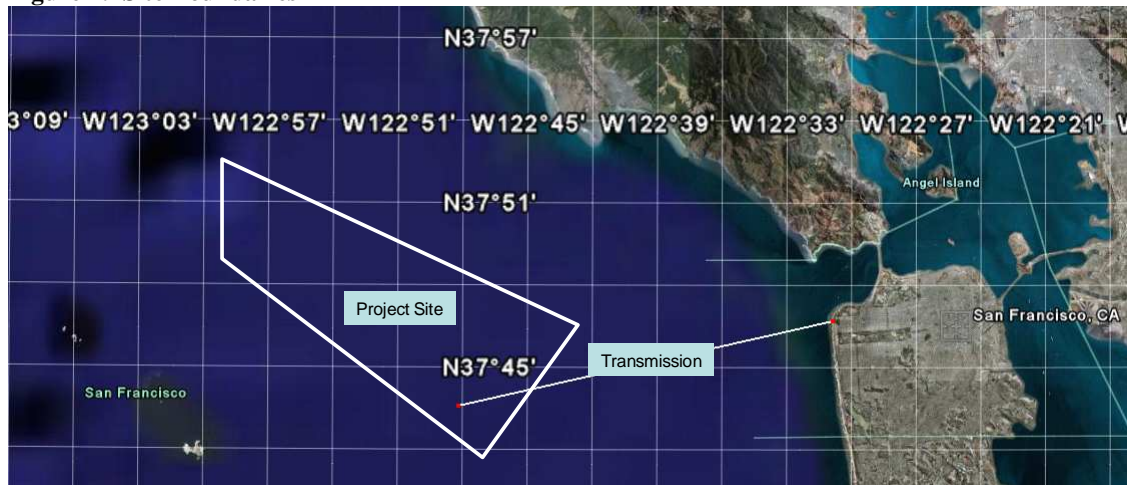
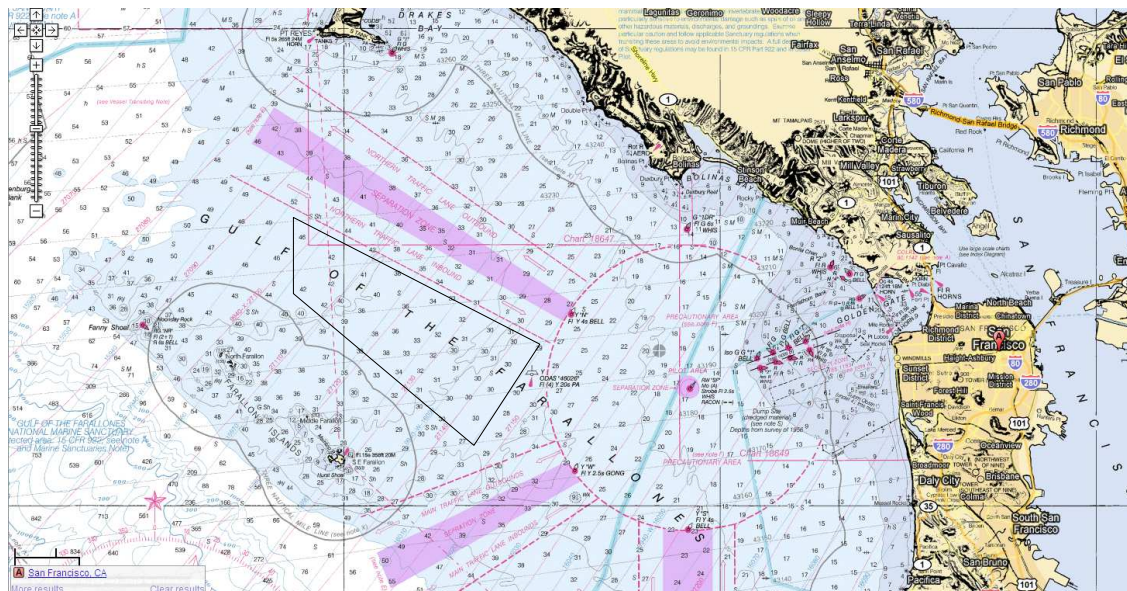


Figure 3: Area Navigation Map



3. Name, Business Address, and Telephone Number of Applicant

W. Burton Hamner
President, Grays Harbor Ocean Energy Company LLC
5534 30th Avenue NE, Seattle WA 98105
206-491-0945

4. Preference under Section 7(a) of the Federal Power Act

Grays Harbor Ocean Energy Company, LLC is a Washington limited liability company and is not claiming preference under Section 7(a) of the Federal Power Act.

5. *Term of Permit*

The proposed term of the requested permit is 36 months.

6. *Existing Dams or Other Project Facilities.*

There is no existing dam or other project facility as part of the proposed project.

Exhibit 1: Project Description

Summary

The Project is located 20-30 miles West of **San Francisco, California**. At that distance even large offshore wind turbines are invisible from shore.

The site has reasonable wave energy resources. It has relatively shallow ocean depths that enable the installation of WECs. Only a portion of the site will be actually used for the WEC array, but since we do not yet know which is the best portion the site footprint now is larger than needed.

The Project will have 100 offshore fixed three-leg platforms standing on the sea bed and raised about 50 feet above sea level. Wave Energy Converters will be built into each leg, for a total of 300 WECs. They are currently rated at 350kW power, and will generate up to 100 MW hydrokinetic power at peak, typically during winter months, and about 40 MW power on average. The seasonality of power generation matches well to the winter power demand.

Wind turbines can also be installed on the platforms. We expect wind turbines of 10 MW power to be available by the time of project construction. $100 \text{ platforms} \times (10 \text{ MW wind} + 1 \text{ MW wave}) = 1100 \text{ MW}$ power potential from combined wind/wave power production. However, the use of wind turbines is not part of this preliminary permit application for hydropower from wave energy. Any permits for wind energy generation offshore will likely be managed by the Minerals Management Service.

The actual number of offshore platforms that can be installed depends on Federal and state authorities. The power projection is only estimated at this time because extensive review by communities and regulatory authorities will determine the number of devices that will be allowed. The project will evolve through a phased process in consultation with all stakeholders.

The Project cannot proceed without support from stakeholders. The Project will provide support for affected communities, besides the local jobs created. Possible forms of support include establishment of Public Development Authorities enabling co-ownership with local governments; providing renewable power to local communities at guaranteed competitive rates; direct revenue sharing from electric power sales; special equity stock sales to enable local residents to become project shareholders; and other ideas to be developed with stakeholders.

Background Information

Site Physical Information

The seabed in the project area is sand, gravel and mud. All the coastal hydraulic and environmental baseline information needed for this project has already been developed due to the extensive naval and maritime infrastructure in the area.

Related Developments

The Cape Wind offshore wind power project in Nantucket Sound has undergone over 8 years of studies, public outreach and political negotiation and has produced a huge amount of reference information, including a published draft Environmental Impact Statement. This is all highly relevant to our proposed project. The Makah Bay Wave Power project in Washington has also published its environmental impact statement.

The Minerals Management Service is developing its final rules for leasing of OCS lands for alternative energy production. Given that FERC has asserted its authority over offshore hydropower (wave and tidal), that leaves MMS with regulation of offshore wind power generation. The Project may include wind turbines installed on the WEC foundations and this will require interface and collaboration between FERC and MMS to resolve jurisdictions and requirements.

San Francisco Wave Energy

Around the world wave energy technology is being developed. The World Energy Council has published a 2007 survey that outlines efforts nationally.¹ There are at least twenty different types of Wave Energy Converter device under development now. In the USA the US Navy is among the organizations that are sponsoring WEC demonstration projects.

The Electric Power Research Institute (EPRI) has conducted a national study of wave and tidal energy and its potential for commercial renewable energy generation.² EPRI investigated six states as the most promising. San Francisco wave energy estimate is on the high end.

Figure 4: EPRI Estimates of Wave Energy in 6 States

	SF CA	HI	ME	MA	OR	WA
Average Annual Power Flux at Selected Site (kW/m)	20.0	15.2	4.9	13.8	21.2	26.5

Wave energy is seasonal and strongest in the winter months when demand for energy is at peak. In winter the wave energy can increase up to four times the average annual level of energy.

Wave Power Production

EPRI conducted a survey of potential offshore sites for a 1,500 MWh annual energy output (500kW at 40% capacity factor) wave energy power plant feasibility demonstration and an envisioned 300,000 MWh per year (100 MW at 40% capacity factor) commercial plant.³ EPRI also reviewed the available and proposed Wave Energy Converters (WECs) and developed Cost of Energy estimates for sites in six states. The EPRI estimates do not include costs for permitting and use many assumptions that remain to be proven.

¹ http://www.worldenergy.org/publications/survey_of_energy_resources_2007/wave_energy/default.asp

² The EPRI Ocean Energy project reports are available online at <http://archive.epri.com/oceanenergy/waveenergy.html>

³ E21/EPRI Offshore Wave Energy Plant Site Assessment – State of Washington.

Figure 5: EPRI Estimates of Cost of Energy at Wave Project Sites in 6 States

Commercial Plant	Hawaii Pelami	Oregon Pelami	Calif Pelamis	Calif Energetech	Mass Pelami	Maine Pelamis
Number of Units Needed for 300,000 MWh/yr	180	180	213	152	206	615
Total Plant Investment (\$M)	270	235	279	238	273	735
Annual O&M Cost (\$M)	11	11	13	11	12	33
10-Year Refit Cost (\$M)	24	23	23	15	26	74
COE (cents/kWh) nominal	12.4	11.6	13.4	11.1	13.4	39.1
COE (cents/kWh) real	10.4	9.7	11.2	9.2	11.1	32.2

EPRI has published several reports on ocean energy development for San Francisco:

System-Level Design, Performance, Cost and Economic Assessment – San Francisco Tidal In-Stream Power Plant

System-Level Design, Performance, and Cost – San Francisco California Energetech Offshore Wave Power Plant

System-Level Design, Performance, and Cost – San Francisco California Pelamis Offshore Wave Power Plant

California Wave Power Demonstration Project: Bridging the Gap Between the Completed Phase 1 Project Definition Study and the Next Phase – Phase 2 Detailed Design and Permitting

The California Energy Commission has completed a study: Ocean Energy Potential in California: Alternative Energy Development in the West Coast Ocean Environment.

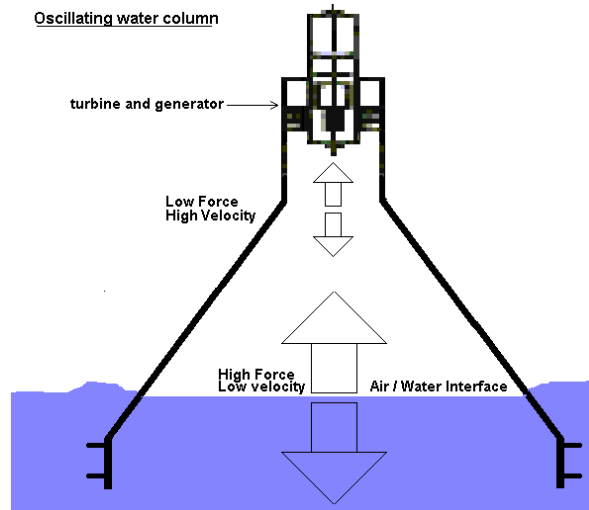
Stanford University has published a study on “California Offshore Wind Energy Potential”.

Wave Energy Conversion Technology

There are numerous designs for wave energy converters. A major division is in the foundations. WECs can float independently or be attached to foundations. Floating devices must survive extreme waves and have many moving parts underwater. Fixed devices react against another larger fixed structure and therefore they can have fewer parts in the water. To harvest the wave energy the converters must be attached to a foundation that is strong enough to resist the waves. Offshore tower structures such as those used for offshore wind turbines or oil drilling platforms are suitable. These can support other technologies such as wind turbines or desalinators, or even housing for researchers and workers.

With a fixed structure to support it, the most suitable converter is the Oscillating Water Column (OWC). Wave action in these columns or pipes push air back and forth through an air turbine held out of the water.

Figure 6: Oscillating Water Column



OWCs have been demonstrated on land in UK and in Portugal.

Figure 7: "Limpet" OWC at Isle of Islay, Scotland



The OceanLinX company of Australia has constructed a floating OWC wave converter and has demonstrated its performance. In field tests in 2007 it generated 320 kW.

Figure 8: OceanLinx OWC Wave Energy Converter



Such floating devices are not suitable for areas with very large waves. The Company has identified a unique approach to installing WECs on fixed structures, like offshore oil production platforms, that enables the WECs to withstand the strongest wave energy and vastly reduces technical complexity. These structures are large enough to be used for multiple purposes including supporting tidal turbines, wind turbines, housing for workers and researchers, helicopter pads and more.

Transmission

From each wave energy structure a transmission line, buried about 3 feet under the sea bottom, will run to a collecting offshore substation. From there a large buried cable transmits power to the shore. The lines will be trenched in across the shoreline and underground to the main grid connection inland. The lines will not be visible.

Once ashore the lines will attach to the local transmission grid at substations. The existing grid has capacity to absorb the 100 MW total output of the site.

Local Manufacturing of Wave Machines

The **San Francisco Bay** area has excellent capabilities for manufacturing WECs, these will likely be constructed locally. Local maintenance of the project will be required and the **local maritime industry** has adequate facilities.

Applicant Background

The Company was created in September 2007 in Washington State specifically to develop ocean energy projects. The Company is privately owned and financed. The Company applied for and received FERC preliminary permit P-13058 on July 31, 2008 to develop the Grays Harbor Ocean Energy Project in Washington. That project will use very similar technology to that proposed for

this project. The Company has invested significant resources and time to determine the right technology solution that makes the projects economically feasible.

The Company has assembled a team of companies that are expert in their areas and highly qualified for all aspects of project development for the Project. Teaming agreements with them have been signed or are in negotiation. The Company regards its business partnerships as valuable confidential information and will provide details to FERC on understanding that the information is not critical to the public's interest and is proprietary and confidential.

Project Development Strategy

The Company will develop the Project in partnership with local, state and Federal agencies and organizations. From the beginning we are committed to dialogue and constructive response with all the stakeholders. The Company will develop a Settlement Agreement with stakeholders as part of its FERC license application. This Agreement will represent the negotiated terms acceptable to all stakeholders.

The Project will take advantage of the new FERC pilot project licensing process. The preliminary permit will, under the current "Strict Scrutiny" rule, allow the Company one year to complete development of partnerships and early studies, and prepare a Pre-Application Document for a Five-Year, 5 MW license. Under this license the Company can install up to 5 MW of generation capacity and sell the power to the grid. The technology allowed must be capable of complete removal from the site if problems arise.

The Company has identified a technology solution that is ideal for this purpose and will present the information to FERC in confidential disclosures. The Pilot project will include one WEC platform holding wave and tidal energy devices. It may also hold a wind turbine. The Pilot project will generate under 5 MW/hr average power and thus will qualify for the proposed new FERC pilot project licensing scheme as well as the regular license. The project will be submitted to local and state authorities for permitting and to ascertain what studies may be required.

After the five year license expires, and assuming satisfactory power and environmental results, the Company will apply for a traditional 30-year FERC license.

Financing for the project is expected to be based in large part on the power production estimates and negotiation of Power Purchase Agreements, and in smaller part from private investment through and by the Company. Several large power users in the area have already expressed interest in using renewable energy from the Project. Additionally the local utility can absorb the power and distribute it through its grid. The WECs will be constructed using local parts and labor to the extent possible and thus will qualify for various renewable energy incentives.

1. Project Configuration

There will be no proposed structures such as dams, spillways, penstocks, powerhouses or tailraces for this project.

2. Reservoirs

There are no reservoirs required for this project.

3. Transmission Lines

The power transmission cable will be connected to approximately the north-south center of the array and will follow a northerly course coming ashore at **San Francisco near Point Lobos**. It will tie into the existing substation and feed into the local power grid.

New cable lines under the seabed will be installed. On land the overhead poles currently used to carry lines can be re-cabled to increase capacity as needed to accommodate project expansion. The exact details of the interconnection such as the number, length, and end connection details will be determined during the feasibility study for the proposed project.

4. Estimated Annual Energy Production

On each of the 100 structures will be installed three 330 kW OWC turbines, making a total of 100 MW total rated output, for 876,000 MWhrs/year production at maximum. The expected capacity factor is 40%, for average annual energy production of 350,400 MW/year.

5. Lands of the U.S.

All lands within the proposed project boundary are identified under Exhibit 3. The aquatic portion of the project would be located on state submerged lands. As specified by 18 CFR 4.g1(b)(5), a completed land description form is included as Exhibit B.

6. Public Interest Benefits

The Project will develop a new source of electricity, which:

- Generates clean and renewable energy at competitive cost;
- Provides much needed power generation along the coast and within local communities further enabling local economic growth and prosperity;
- Enhances the local stability of the transmission grid by diversifying generating capacity;
- Produces no negative environmental impacts on the marine or coastal environments even as it creates new habitat for fish and fishing (a vital local industry); and
- Creates new local jobs for the design, fabrication, installation, and maintenance of the wave park.

The proposed project would utilize the affected waters in the public interest by bringing a new source of renewable, non-polluting energy to the U.S. The federal Energy Policy Act of 2005 encouraged the development of renewable energy resources, including ocean energy. Domestic sources of energy are also in the public's best interest as they increase energy security by reducing the country's dependence on foreign oil and other fossil fuel energy sources.

Wave and wind energy systems of this type do not involve the construction of dams or reservoirs, affect water quality, block fish passage, or direct fish and other aquatic life through turbine generators. Wave energy projects also produce none of the environmental and atmospheric pollutants produced by fossil fuels and are expected to have minimal environmental effects.

Exhibit 2: Description of Proposed Studies

1. Description of Studies

Wave Energy Technology

The technology to be used at the site is being studied elsewhere by developers. The technologies available and their performance data will be reviewed by the Company and the project stakeholders. Developers will be invited to demonstrate their technologies at the site. Extensive modeling will be conducted before any devices are actually installed.

Site Development

Many of the needed studies have already been performed. The physical and biological characteristics of the site have already been studied in detail by organizations such as the US Navy, universities and various private contractors. Remaining studies to be conducted for developing the site include:

- Specific site characterization
- Cable route survey
- Cable shore crossing survey and design
- Sedimentation movement from cable laying
- Rights of way and related issues for cable crossing shoreline properties

Environmental Studies

Environmental studies for the project will be determined in consultation with stakeholders and permitting authorities. PGE has received FERC preliminary permits for wave projects north of San Francisco. They will establish the general framework for environmental studies needed including at San Francisco.

Projects of the type proposed are not expected to have significant environmental impacts. The US Navy has been conducting a wave energy project in Hawaii housing two devices. The project included a rigorous environmental assessment (EA), which resulted in a Finding of No Significant Impact (FONSI). The Office of Naval Research (ONR) consulted with National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS) and the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS). They concurred with the Navy's findings. Actual issues at the site will be determined in partnership with stakeholders.

Two issues of concern that are expected are navigation lanes and fishing areas. The project is not expected to interfere with navigation lanes but this still must be determined. There is no question that where there are wave energy systems, recreational and commercial fishing will be affected. This is unavoidable because of the conflicting use of the ocean space.

Fisheries Mitigation

The Company is considering a fisheries mitigation strategy that uses each wave structure as an artificial reef. The structures are large towers. In the submerged portion they will be coated with concrete. The concrete can be molded to create a diverse habitat structure that can support fish and other marine organisms. The seabed in the project area is sandy gravel with little solid structure. By designing the tower foundations as artificial reefs, the biological diversity of the project area will be significantly increased and should support an increase in biomass and possibly in fisheries resources.

Within the proposed project site, the Company will use the existing information to locate the most suitable site for deployment of the devices. Where existing information is insufficient, the Company may undertake additional studies to ensure the best placement of devices, best use of available resources, and to minimize any potential environmental effects. Additional research may be needed in regards to detailed bathymetry and detailed information at the project site, navigation and recreation activities, fishing, crabbing, and other marine uses. The Company will be consulting with appropriate resource agencies and Indian tribes on appropriate studies.

In addition to the above studies, the Company will be further refining access to transmission line infrastructure and be conducting an economic and financial feasibility analysis for the proposed project.

Schedule

The following is a proposed schedule assuming issuance of the preliminary permit.

- Initiate permitting and environmental studies - upon issuance of preliminary permit.
- Conduct review of existing environmental information - upon issuance of preliminary permit.
- Conduct environmental studies, including submarine cable layout - 2009.
- Conduct economic and financial feasibility analysis - 2009.
- Apply for 5-year 5 MW FERC license - 2010
- Initial wind and wave deployment and testing - 2011.
- Apply for full FERC license - 2012
- Achieve rated power generation - 2016

2. Need for New Roads

This project will not require the construction of any roads

3. Dam Construction

The project will not require the construction of any type of dam as the facility is designed to operate in the open ocean and capture the heaving motion of the ocean swell.

4. Waiver

No waiver is being sought for the evaluation and testing of the feasibility of a wave energy project installation.

5. Statement of Costs and Financing

The estimated cost for planning and executing the studies, investigations, tests, surveys, maps, plans, and other related specifications for the proposed project is estimated at approximately \$2,000,000. Total cost of the project is expected between \$400 and \$600 million.

The total cost for the completion of the FERC licensing process will be funded by the Company through a combination of equity investment, loans and grants.

The applicant will negotiate a Power Purchase Agreement with a consortium of local utilities and companies. Furthermore, the project is eligible for a variety of tax credits and renewable energy generation incentives. The purchase price for the power is subject to ongoing negotiations.

Exhibit 3 - Project Map

1. Project Boundary Map

A map of the proposed project boundary and cable route follows. The relative location and physical interrelationships of principal project features will be developed during project feasibility studies.

Figure 9: Project Boundary Map



2. National Wild and Scenic Rivers

The proposed project area does not include any areas designated as or being considered for inclusion in the National Wild and Scenic Rivers System.

3. Wilderness Act

The proposed project area does not include any areas designated as or recommended for designation as a wilderness area or wilderness study area under the Wilderness Act.

Section 4.32 Information

1. Grays Harbor Ocean Energy Company, LLC is the only entity that has or intends to obtain and will maintain any proprietary rights necessary to construct, operate or maintain the proposed property.

2. Municipal Information

No federal facilities would be used by the proposed project. The area proposed for evaluation and testing is located on Federal lands offshore.

3. Cities or towns where project will be located:

Mayor Gavin Newsom
City Hall, Room 200
1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place
San Francisco, CA 94102
(415) 554-6141
gavin.newsom@sfgov.org

Barry Nagel, City Manager
City of South San Francisco
400 Grand Avenue
So. San Francisco, CA 94080
650-877-8500 - Phone
barry.nagel@ssf.net

Mayor Carol Klatt
Daly City
City Hall
333 90th Street
Daly City CA 94015
650-991-8127

Dan Lindheim, City Administrator
Oakland City Hall
One Frank H. Ogawa Plaza
Oakland, CA 94612
510.444.2489
cityadministrator@oaklandnet.com

Matthew Hymel, County Administrator
Marin County
3501 Civic Center Dr.
San Rafael CA 94903
415-499-6358

4. The proposed project transmission cables would make landfall at a **San Francisco** substation. No federal facilities would be used by or otherwise associated with the proposed project and no special purpose political subdivisions exist within the proposed boundary for the evaluation and testing of wind and wave energy potential.

No other known political subdivisions exist within the proposed project evaluation and test area; however, the Company will consult with all agencies and organizations with regulatory authority over the waters and activities of the proposed project area during the evaluation of project feasibility.

Indian tribes that may be affected by the project:

None.

VERIFICATION STATEMENT


This application for a FERC preliminary permit is executed in the state of Washington, County of King.

W. Burton Hamner, president of Grays Harbor Ocean Energy Company, LLC, 5534 30th Ave NE, Seattle WA 98105, being duly sworn, deposes and says that the contents of this Preliminary Permit Application are true to the best of his knowledge or belief.

The undersigned Applicant has signed the application

on this _____ day of _____ 2008.

Subscribed and sworn before me, a Notary Public of the State of Washington this _____ day of _____, 2008. My commission expires _____


STATE OF WASHINGTON

MASTER LICENSE SERVICE
PO Box 9034 • Olympia, WA 98507-9034 • (360) 664-1400

REGISTRATIONS AND LICENSES

Domestic Limited Liability Company

Unified Business ID #: 602 766 515
Business ID #: 1
Location: 1

WASHINGTON WAVE COMPANY LLC
5534 30TH AVE NE
SEATTLE WA 98105 5502

TAX REGISTRATION

REGISTERED TRADE NAMES:
GRAYS HARBOR OCEAN ENERGY COMPANY LLC

The licensee named above has been issued the business registrations or licenses listed. By accepting this document the licensee certifies the information provided on the application for these licenses was complete, true, and accurate to the best of his or her knowledge, and that business will be conducted in compliance with all applicable Washington state, county, and city regulations.

Elizabeth A. Luce
Director, Department of Licensing

Corporations: Registration Detail Page 1 of 2

Washington Secretary of State

CORPORATIONS DIVISION - REGISTRATION DATA SEARCH

WASHINGTON WAVE COMPANY LLC

UBI Number	602766515
Category	Limited Liability Regular
Profit/Nonprofit	Profit
Active/Inactive	Active
State of Incorporation	WA
Date of Incorporation	10/01/2007
License Expiration Date	10/31/2008

Registered Agent Information

Agent Name	WILLIAM HAMNER
Address	5534 30TH AVE NE
City	SEATTLE
State	WA
ZIP	98105

Special Address Information

Address	
City	
State	
Zip	

[Return to Search List](#)

http://www.secstate.wa.gov/print.aspx?url=http://www.secstate.wa.gov/corps/search_detail... 3/11/2008